

## The Strategic Role of Bioenergy

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Dina Bacovsky, BEST, IEA Bioenergy Chair

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Planetary boundaries!





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## Bioenergy ...

- is the largest source of renewable energy today
- is **versatile**: heat, power, transport services
- provides substantial GHG emission savings if done responsibly
- diversifies energy sources and improves energy supply security
- provides income through regional biomass supply chains

#### but

- cannot achieve decarbonisation of our energy system on its own
- $\Rightarrow$  complements other renewable energy sources & increases in energy efficiency & reductions in energy demand



## Contribution to climate change mitigation

Bioenergy contributes to climate change mitigation when:

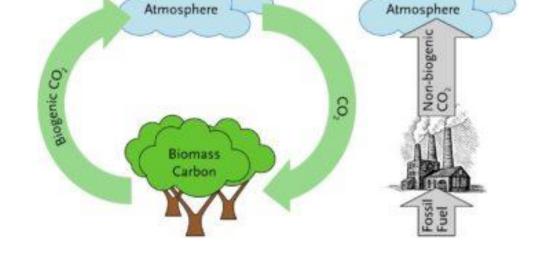
• Biomass is grown **sustainably** (from sustainably managed landscapes) and/or based on **waste/residues** 

• Converted to energy products efficiently (often together with other

biobased products)

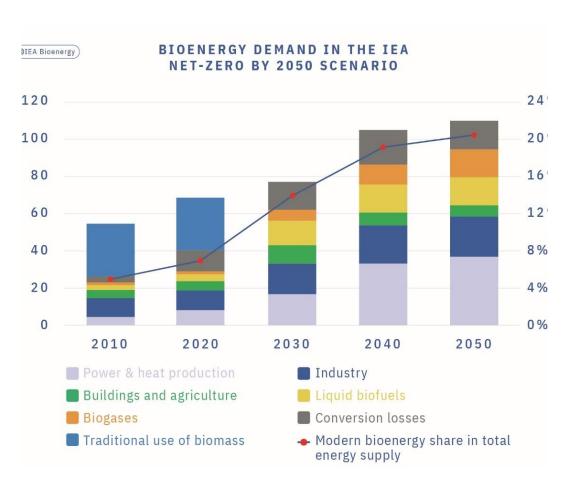
Used to displace fossil fuels

Bio-CCS/CCU can add to that





## Towards ,net zero' - important role of bioenergy



- bioenergy provides one-fifth of energy supply in IEA's net-zero by 2050 scenario
- Traditional use of biomass to be phased out as soon as possible
- Modern bioenergy supply to triple from 2020 to 2050 (partly replacing traditional use)
- All decarbonisation scenarios have increased deployment of sustainable bioenergy
- Negative emissions through BECCS



## Multiple sources of biomass - for energy & biobased economy

### **Organic residues and waste** From agro-food processing Industrial residues & waste From wood processing Crop harvesting residues Agriculture and forestry Livestock residues residues Wood harvesting residues Household waste & wastewaters Material waste Municipal waste (e.g. post consumer wood) (organic fraction) Residues from landscape management

#### **Forestry**

Harvests from natural & semi-natural forests

Harvests from forest plantations

#### Agriculture

Sugar, starch and oilseed crops

Lignocellulosic crops and short rotation coppice

Aquaculture (algae)

Source: IEA ETP 2017



## Sustainability is key

Sustainable forest management Sustainable agricultural practice Sustainable landscape management



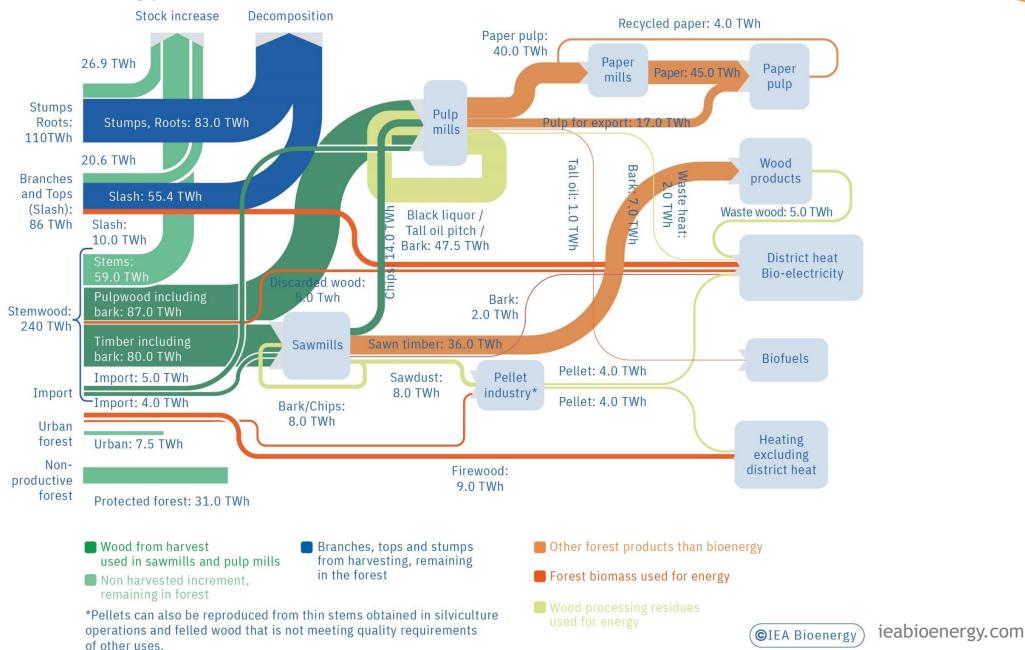
- → Biodiversity safeguards
- → Attention for carbon sinks, preserving carbon stocks
- → Healthy soils (nutrients & organic matter)
- → Social opportunities are part of sustainability

Waste treatment & valorisation

+ food/feed & higher value materials have higher priority than energy



## Biomass & energy flows from Swedish forests (2015)



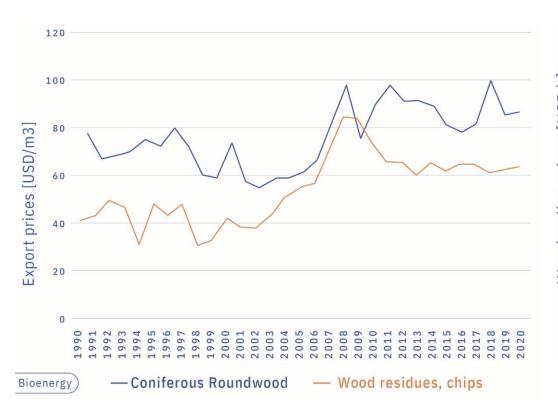


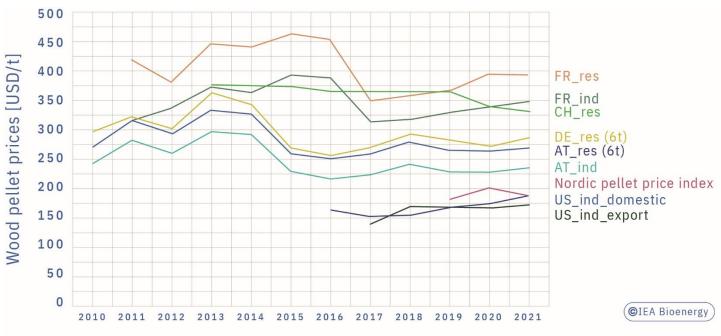
## Biomass from agricultural land

- Crops on arable land
  - Primarily for food/feed production
  - Either reduce pressure on land through increased yields & reduced food losses
  - ➤ Or use multi-cropping combinations
- Residues from crops on arable land
  - => no additional land needed
  - Leave part of the residues behind to maintain soil quality
- Crops on abandoned, degraded or marginal land
  - Can restore or improve soil quality, enhance carbon sequestration
  - But will be more costly to produce or provide lower yields



#### Biomass feedstock costs





Much more stable than fossil resources and agricultural commodities!



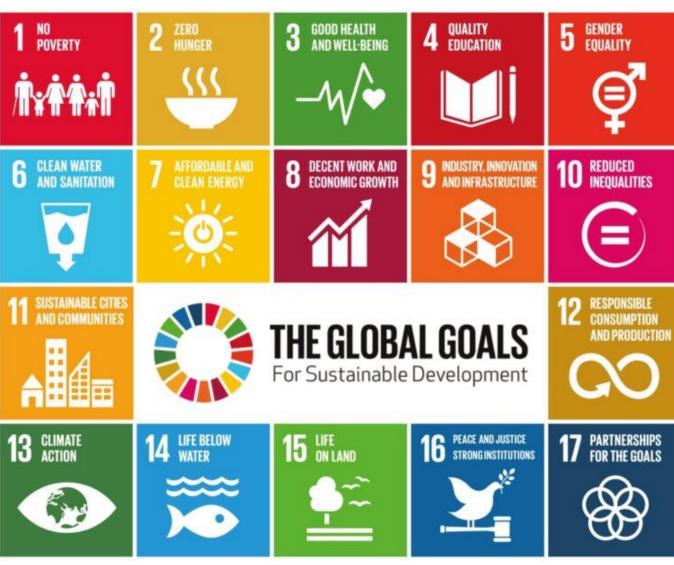
#### **Biomass mobilisation**



- Legislative framework
  - Encourage bioenergy
  - Safeguard sustainability
- Technological innovation
  - Precision farming
  - Mobile pre-treatment processes
- Market creation
  - Encourage waste collection
  - Establish bio-hubs



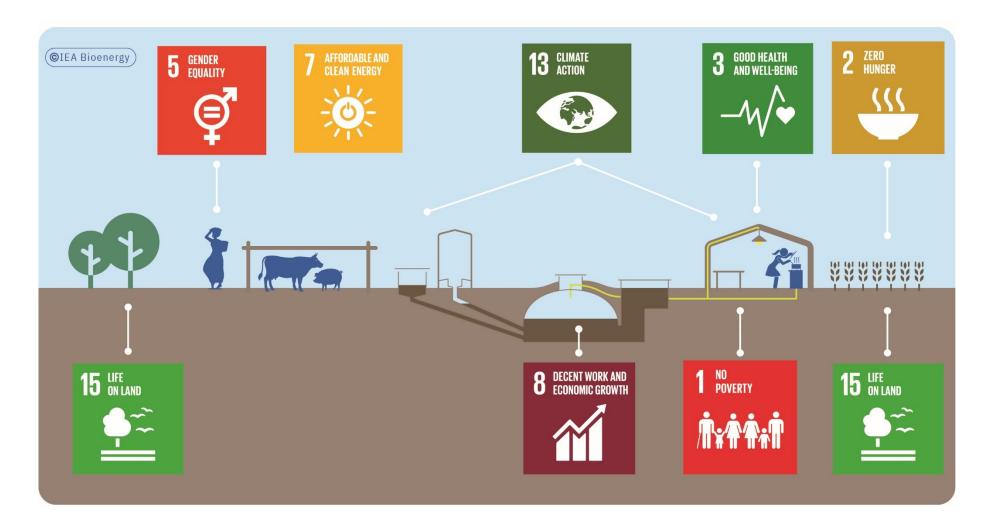
## Bioenergy & Sustainable Development Goals



- 15 of the 17 SDGs are directly or indirectly linked to the production and use of biomass
- 37 case studies from around the world show how bioenergy production can positively contribute to the SDGs



## **Biodigester**





# Bioenergy technologies are at various levels of development

#### Mature technologies:

- Combustion for combined heat and power
- Gasification for combined heat and power
- Pyrolysis for combined heat and power
- Anaerobic digestion to produce biogas
- Oils, sugar and starch crops to biofuels (biodiesel, HVO, ethanol)
- Corresponding biorefineries

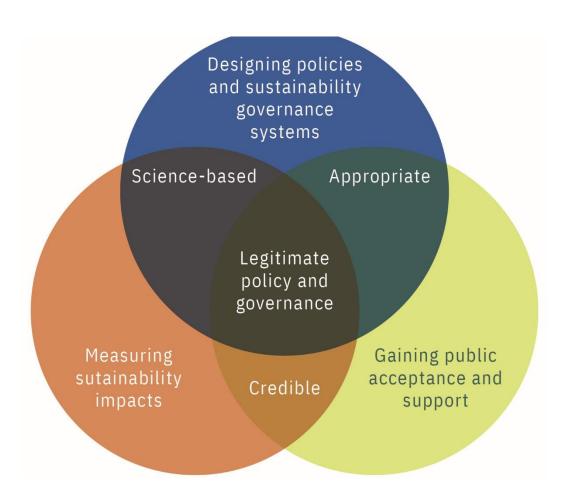
#### Under development:

- Gasification + synthesis to biofuels
- Pyrolysis + upgrading to biofuels
- Lignocellulose / residues to biofuels
- Corresponding biorefineries
- Carbon capture and utilisation or storage at bioenergy facilities

https://www.ieabioenergy.com/installations/



## **Deployment**



#### Wider deployment depends on:

- Suitable regulatory frameworks that create market demand
- Further R&D to bring technologies that can use a wider range of feedstocks to maturity
- Trust in the governance system

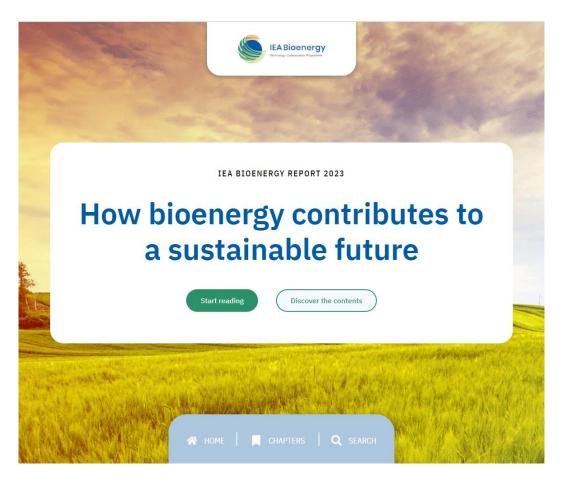


## Key messages

- Bioenergy can provide heat, electricity and transport fuels.
- Substitution of fossil fuels through sustainable bioenergy leads to substantial GHG emission savings. Combination with CCS can provide negative emissions.
- Further benefits are diversification of energy supply, balancing of variable renewable energy, provision of regional income, access to energy.
- If done right, biomass production for bioenergy can also improve or maintain biodiversity, carbon sinks, and species abundance.
- As to reach net zero by 2050, one fifth of 2050 energy demand could and should be met by sustainable bioenergy.
- Main barriers for further deployment are biomass feedstock costs, biomass availability, the need for further R&D work and the need for appropriate governance systems.
- Bioenergy goes hand in hand with the biobased economy.



#### **BIOENERGY REVIEW**



- Key information on bioenergy and bioenergy technologies
- Easy to read
- Accordeon structure main points and deep dives
- Interactive and heavily hyperlinked
- Infographics

Go to: www.ieabioenergyreview.org



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